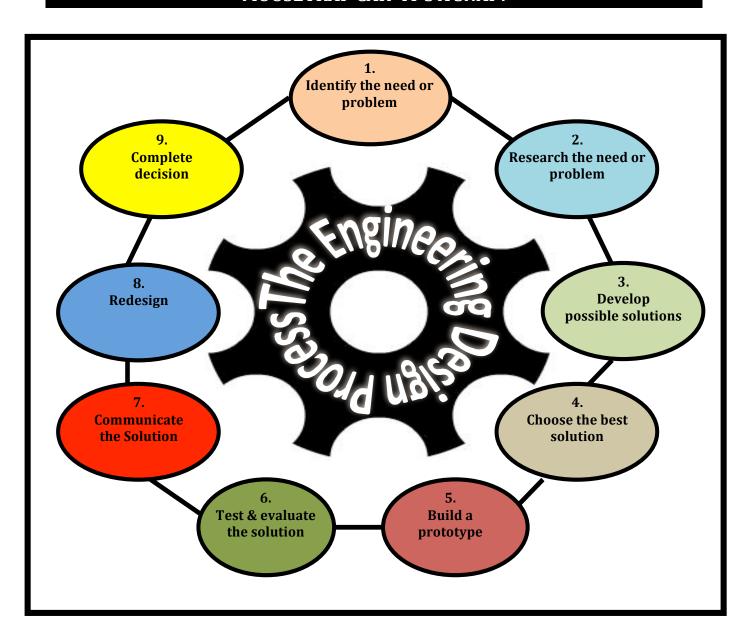
# Applied Technology & Engineering



# **MOUSETRAP CAR- IT'S A SNAP!**



Namex	Section:
name:	accion;

# Movsetrap Car

## **DESIGN CHALLENGE**

>> Design and build a car powered by a mousetrap that will travel a minimum distance of 3 meters.

### Criteria Constraints

### Your vehicle must:

- Use a single mousetrap for propulsion
- Have a wooden base or chassis (cha-see)
- Travel a minimum of 3 meters (straight line)
- Have at least 3-4 wheels
- Have repeatable functioning (not breakdown)

### You car must not exceed:

- Max Length 45 cm
- Max Width 20 cm
- Max Height 20 cm

### **Approved Materials**

•	1 standard mousetrap	\$500
•	Wood base	\$100
•	Rubber bands	\$10 ea.
•	Mechanical fasteners (screws, screw-eyes)	\$25 ea.
•	Large wheels.	\$50 ea.
•	Small wheel	
•	Metal axle	\$25 ea.
•	Tie wraps	\$10 ea.
•	Fishing line	\$1/ft.
•	Straws	\$20 ea.
•	Other:	

### **Key Points**

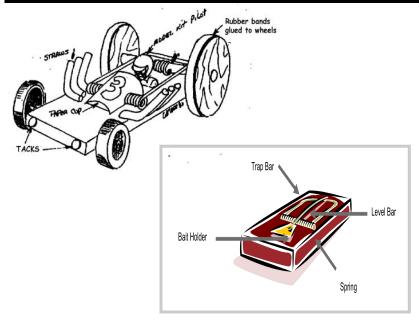
You will get a budget of \$1,500 to buy materials and have three opportunities to purchase them. The price will increase each time due to inflation. Plan wisely so you don't run out of money and don't buy too much, extra merchandise CANNOT be returned.

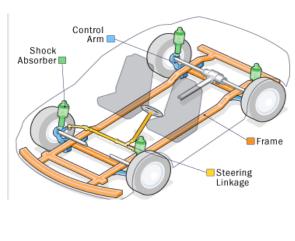
### **Key Terms**

- **Alignment:** to be arranged in a straight line.
- **Chassis-**the base of the vehicle that all other parts are built upon.
- **Control-** changes the speed and direction of the vehicle.
- **Friction:** a fore that slows down an object.
- Guidance- gives the operator information to control the vehicle.
- **Propulsion-** makes the vehicle move.
- **Structure-**gives the vehicle is shape and size.
- **Suspension-** keeps the vehicle in contact with the road.

### **Competition Guidelines**

- The track will be 1 meter wide. If the vehicle leaves the boundaries of the track, the distance will be marked where any part of the vehicle leaves the track boundary.
- The distance the vehicle travels will be measured from the starting line to the front of the vehicle.
- To start your vehicle, the trap must be set. A weight will be dropped on the bait holder. If the coin or bait holder malfunctions, that run will not count.





# ENGINEERING DESIGN PROCESS STEP 1: Identify the Need



Technology is a product (thing) or process (how to do something) made by humans to meet their needs.

Restate the purpose of this design challenge (What have you been asked to do?)
Restate the pur pose of this design chancinge (what have you been asked to do?)
What does this prototype have to do to be successful?
what does this prototype have to do to be succession:
***************************************
Use #2 pencil ONLY!
ose π2 pench own:
Which of the five needs below are met by this projects' technology? (Check off all that apply and explain.)
1. Improve the way we communicate. Explain how:
2. Improve the way we travel. Explain how.
3. Improve the way we work. Explain how:
A Improve the man on entertain annualment Function have
4. Improve the way we entertain ourselves. Explain how:
5. Improve people's health. Explain how:
5. Improve people's health. Explain how:

# ENGINEERING DESIGN PROCESS STEP 2: Research

**Directions:** Use the web links for this project to answer the following questions

1. What is energy?

2.. How is energy stored in a mousetrap?

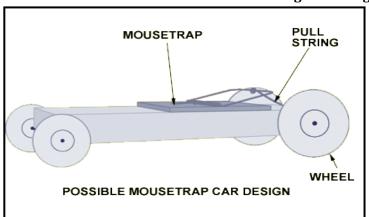
What is friction and how does it affect a car?

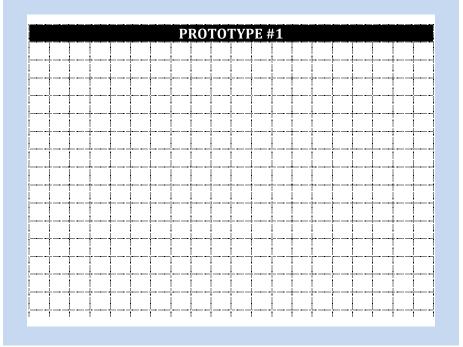
4. What makes the mousetrap car move?

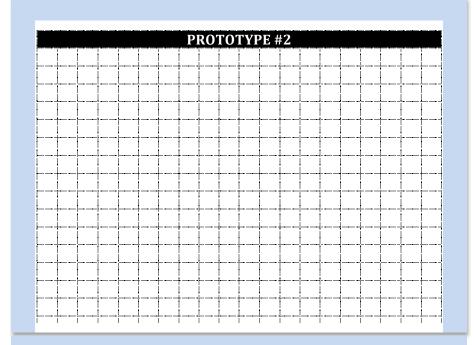
5. What is the key to a quick start?

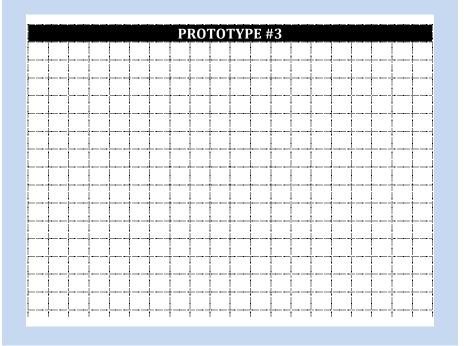
# ENGINEERING DESIGN PROCESS STEP 3: Develop possible solutions

# Draw three DIFFERENT solutions to this design challenge









# ENGINEERING DESIGN PROCESS STEP 4: Choose the best solution

When you have an important decision to make and you want to reduce or eliminate the chances of second-guessing yourself, (*I shouldda done that*), you make decisions based on trade-offs. That's when you give up something you like for something that's even better. Here are some benefits you can expect:

- You understand how and why you choose one solution over another.
- Your decision fits with your success criteria and needs.
- You use logic rather than emotion to make the decision.
- You get a chance to think about what you really want.

Look at the questions in the left –hand column. Give each idea a number from 1-5 based on how close it comes to the criteria. (1 is the lowest value and 5 is the highest value).

DECISION MATRIX		Possible Solutions							
Make the "perfect" decision every time									
<b>AERODYNAMICS</b> (On a scale from 1-5) Will this design minimize dag?									
<b>FRICTION</b> (On a scale from 1-5) Will this design maximize friction between the tires and ground?									
ASTHETICS (On a scale from 1-5) Does this design look "cool"? Does it attract attention? Is it unique?									
ASTHETICS (On a scale from 1-5) Does this design look "cool"? Does it attract attention? Is it unique									
<b>MATERIALS</b> (On a scale from 1-5)  Does this design use approved materials in new and unique ways that others may not think of?									
TOTALS									

And the winner is

# ENGINEERING DESIGN PROCESS STEP 4: Choose the best solution



# Explain your choice on the lines below.

### A successful explanation will have:

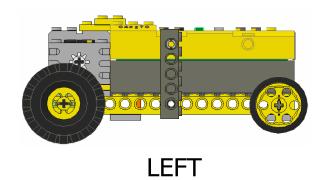
- ☐ A topic sentence that says what you are about to describe/explain and a closing sentence that restates your main idea.
- ☐ Several complete sentences that gives the reader enough information (three reasons) to understand your choice
- ☐ Proper grammar, spelling and punctuation
- ☐ Lettering that is legible and evenly spaced between words and sentences

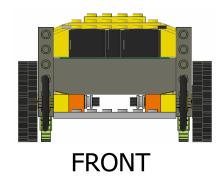
1st Reason:	2 <sup>nd</sup> Reason:
Detail (SAY MORE) Sentence:	Detail (SAY MORE) Sentence:
I am going to build	for the following reasons.
3rd Reason:	Closing Sentence:  For all of the reasons written so far,  ———————————————————————————————————
Detail (SAY MORE) Sentence:	Detail (SAY MORE) Sentence:

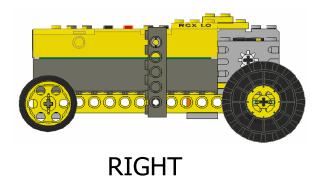
# **Production Drawing**

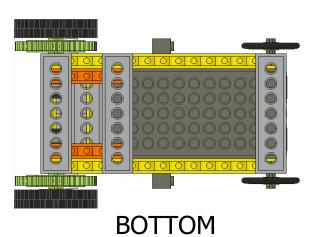
LEFT VIEW	FRONT VIEW	RIGHT VIEW								
BOTTOM VIEW	BACK VIEW	TOP VIEW								
The drawing is highly detailed with the following	parts labeled: The drawing is high	n quality and the result of painstaking effort with:								
Y Chassis Pull cord		y lines or eraser marks								
☐ Drive axle ☐ Mousetrap	E Each view correct	t and centered in the work space								
Front axle Wheels	<b>S</b>	ents (length, height, width) with correct abbreviations								
	Sharp lines drawn	n with rules, protractors, templates, drawing tools, etc.								
	☐Lettering that is n	leat, legible and correctly spelled								

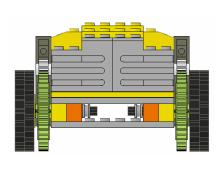
# Example



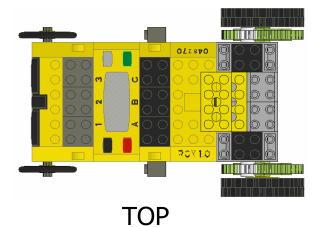








**BACK** 



- Images courtesy of CEEO, Tufts University

# The Universal Systems Model **GOAL Goal** → make a smoothie **Input** → milk, banana, chocolate; **Process** → cut banana, blend; **Output** → smoothie, dirty dishes Feedback Feedback → taste **INPUT OUTPUT PROCESS** 1. Tools: **Cut:** 2. Materials: Separate: 3. Information: Shape: 4. Time: 5. Energy: Attach: 6. Money: **FEEDBACK** 10 Mousetrap Car Project

# ENGINEERING DESIGN PROCESS STEP 5: Build a prototype



Keep a record of how your prototype gets built. Complete **ONE** log after each building class.

# **ENGINEERING LOGS**

On the lines below, describe what you did. Mention any difficulties you've had or any design changes you made.				N	Иak	e a	lab	ele	d sk	etch	tha	t sh	ows	wha	it yo	u dio	d.	
LO	#1: Date:																	
	YES I described the drawing in a clear and understandable way YES I used key terms and information to accurately describe my progress and drawing. I have enough information. YES My description is neatly written and legible.	0000	Y	ES I	My My	line lab	e qu els a	alit are	y is out	sha side	rp a the	nd p dra	o sho reci: wing high	se (r g and	no s d ac	mud	ges)	

# REMINDER: USE #2 PENCIL ONLY! AND CHECK EACH BOX.

On the lines below, describe what you did. Mention any difficulties you've had or any design changes you made.	Make a labeled sketch that shows what you did.
LOG #2: Date:	
<ul> <li>□ YES I described the drawing in a clear and understandable way</li> <li>□ YES I used key terms and information to accurately describe my progress and drawing. I have enough information.</li> <li>□ YES My description is neatly written and legible.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>YES My drawing is large enough to show all the details.</li> <li>YES My line quality is sharp and precise (no smudges)</li> <li>YES My labels are outside the drawing and accurate</li> <li>YES My drawing uses shading for highlights</li> </ul>

# REMINDER: USE #2 PENCIL ONLY!

On the lines below, describe what you did. Mention any difficulties you've had or any design changes you made.	Make a labeled sketch that shows what you did.
LOG #3: Date:	
<ul> <li>YES I described the drawing in a clear and understandable way</li> <li>YES I used key terms and information to accurately describe my progress and drawing. I have enough information.</li> <li>YES My description is neatly written and legible.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ YES My drawing is large enough to show all the details.</li> <li>□ YES My line quality is sharp and precise (no smudges)</li> <li>□ YES My labels are outside the drawing and accurate</li> <li>□ YES My drawing uses shading for highlights</li> </ul>

# DID YOU CHECK EACH BOX?

On the lines below, describe what you did. Mention any difficulties you've had or any design changes you made.	Make a labeled sketch that shows what you did.
LOG #4: Date:	
<ul> <li>YES I described the drawing in a clear and understandable way</li> <li>YES I used key terms and information to accurately describe my progress and drawing. I have enough information.</li> <li>YES My description is neatly written and legible.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ YES My drawing is large enough to show all the details.</li> <li>□ YES My line quality is sharp and precise (no smudges)</li> <li>□ YES My labels are outside the drawing and accurate</li> <li>□ YES My drawing uses shading for highlights</li> </ul>

# REMINDER: USE #2 PENCIL ONLY!

	the lines below, describe what you did. Mention any difficulties 've had or any design changes you made.	Make a labeled sketch that shows what you did.
LO	G #5: Date:	
	YES I described the drawing in a clear and understandable way YES I used key terms and information to accurately describe my progress and drawing. I have enough information. YES My description is neatly written and legible.	YES My drawing is large enough to show all the details. YES My line quality is sharp and precise (no smudges) YES My labels are outside the drawing and accurate YES My drawing uses shading for highlights

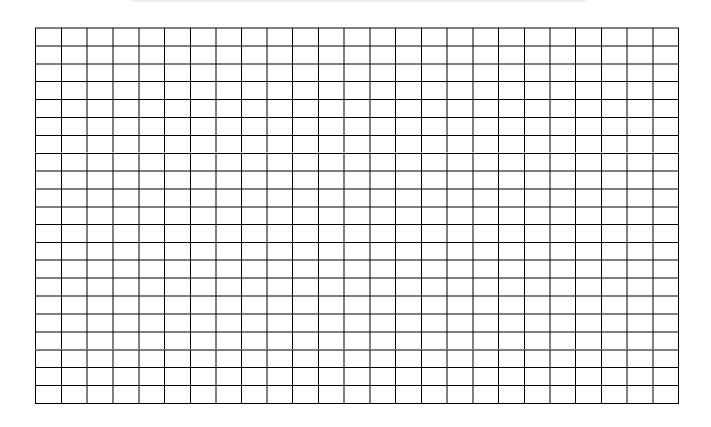
# DID YOU CHECK EACH BOX?

On the lines below, describe what you did. Mention any difficulties you've had or any design changes you made.	Make a labeled sketch that shows what you did.					
LOG #6: Date:						
<ul> <li>YES I described the drawing in a clear and understandable way</li> <li>YES I used key terms and information to accurately describe my progress and drawing. I have enough information.</li> <li>YES My description is neatly written and legible.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>YES My drawing is large enough to show all the details.</li> <li>YES My line quality is sharp and precise (no smudges)</li> <li>YES My labels are outside the drawing and accurate</li> <li>YES My drawing uses shading for highlights</li> </ul>					

# **ENGINEERING DESIGN PROCESS**

STEP 6: Test and evaluate the solution

Distance/Time Trials						
Trial	Distance (m)	Time (sec.)	Moves forward and straight	Moves forward but curves	Moves backward or sideways	Does not move
1			8 -			
2						
3						
4						
5						



# **ENGINEERING DESIGN PROCESS** STEP 7: Communicate the solution



Describe (complete sentences) what the data tells you about your prototype's performance.

### A successful explanation will have:

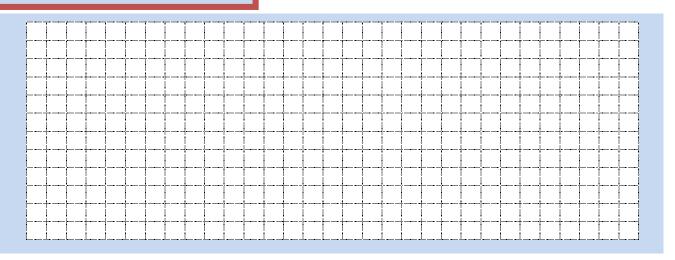
- $\hfill \Box$  A topic sentence that says what you think the data means.
- ☐ Several complete sentences that gives the reader enough information (three reasons) to support your opinion of the data
- ☐ Proper grammar, spelling and punctuation☐ Lettering that is legible and evenly spaced between words and sentences

Detail (SAY MORE) Sentence:
Closing Sentence:  For all of the reasons written so far,  — — ———————————————————————————————
Detail (SAY MORE) Sentence:

# ENGINEERING DESIGN PROCESS STEP 8: Redesign



Draw a **NEW VERSION** of your prototype that has three new parts or features that are **not** on the one you made.



Describe how each part you added or changed will improve the prototype.

1	will improve the prototype by
2	will improve the prototype by
3	will improve the prototype by
NGINEERING DESIGN PROCESS FEP 9: Make a decision	On a scale of 1 to 10, how effective was your prototype in meeting the criteria? (Put an X on the line)

Ineffective Somewhat effective Effective Highly Effective

7

Explain your rating in COMPLETE SENTENCES.

5


# **Applied Technology Self-evaluation**

Name:	Date:	Project:
1. Did you enjoy the project?Yes	No	
Why, or why not?		
2. What do you think would make this	project bette	r?
a. We could spend <i>less</i> time on		
b. We could spend <i>more</i> time on		
c. We could		
3. What new skills did you learn in this	project?	
(For example, knowing which type of saw to us 1. 2. 3.	e and how to us	re it safely, etc,)
4. What new and interesting ideas did		this project?
(For example, understanding how air bags in a 1. 2. 3.	cars work)	
	et better at?	Give an example for each one you check as YES.
a. Working with others?YesNo Example:		c. Leadership?YesNo Example:
b. Speaking up?YesNo Example:		d. Planning a project?YesNo Example:
6. What have you done to contribute to	your succes	s in this class? (For example, I completed all homework)
Example:		
7. What skills do you think you need to	improve?	
Skills 1. 2. 3.	-	Action(s) I could take
8. Other comments on this project		

#### **Design Brief Rubric** Date \_\_\_\_\_ Name\_ \_ Section \_\_\_\_\_ Points are earned for completed work that does EXACTLY what is described in each category. Criteria Points Teacher Category Student Score Score STEP 1: I identified which need(s) are met by this prototype's technology 5 Identify the and gave specific example(s). [p.3] Need STEP 2: I completed the research about this project (p. 4) 5 Research STEP 3: I have 3 drawings of possible solutions to this design challenge. 10 Develop (p.5)**Solutions** STEP 4: I filled out the Decision Matrix and explained my reasons for 10 Select the Best choosing the solution to this design challenge. [p. 6-7] **Solution** I have a detailed and high-quality orthographic production drawing 15 of the prototype I built that is labeled, uses metric measurements and has all the items on the checklist underneath it [p.8] I used the Universal System Model to plan and describe the steps 5 stages, materials, people and processes of building my prototype. STEP 5: I completed an Engineering Log for each building class during the 10 Build a project. Each entry follows the checklist underneath it.. [p. 11-13] **Prototype** STEP 6: I have a data table and graph of the test results [p. 14] 10 **Testing & Evaluation** I used test results (data), complete sentences and key terms from 10 **STEP 7:** p.2 to analyze my prototype's performance. [p.15] Communicating the Solution **STEP 8:** I drew a new version of my prototype with 3 improvements and 5 described how each one would make it better. [p.16] Redesign STEP 9: I evaluated how effective my prototype was and used complete 5 Complete sentences and key terms to clearly communicate the strengths and Decision design flaws that affected my prototype's performance (i.e. choice of materials). [p. 16] I completed the self-evaluation with specific reasons and examples Self-Evaluation 5 when asked for. [p. 17] Mechanics My design brief is legible, neat and with very few, if any, 5 spelling/grammar errors. % % **Comments:** TOTAL

- 18

MOUSETRAP CAR RUBRIC									
		nd use only approved							
		ck of and safeguard yo	ur materials to prev	ent loss o	or damage to	them?			
	Did you use your materials effectively?  Tchr. Score  4  3  2  1								
Tchr. Score Materials	Ana	4 proved materials were	3 Approved material	c wore		naterials were	Ann	1	
MATERIALS		lected, protected and	selected, protecte			and may be	Approved materials were damaged, not used		
		ified in ways that made	used effective			or not used		orrectly or randomly	
		them even better.			effe	ctively.		chosen.	
							<u> </u>		
	mea	suring tools, glue and	mechanical fastenei	rs to mak	ke a sturdy p	rototype that d	oesn't	break down or need	
repairs? Tchr. Score		4	3			2		1	
	Th	e chassis is rigid; axles	The chassis is sturd	w avloc		is stable; axles	ТЬ	e chassis is unstable;	
Engineering		mousetrap are straight	and mousetrap are			etrap may be		axles and mousetrap are	
		securely fastened; the	fastened; the whee			r not securely		ooked or not securely	
	whe	els move the vehicle in	the vehicle in a stra		fastened	; the wheels	fa	astened; the wheels	
		straight line without	with minimal rubb	oing or		rub against the		ble and rub against the	
	r	ubbing or wobbling.	wobbling.		ch	assis.	cna	ssis or do not work at all.	
		d tools and machines		nders, ha	ımmers, scre	wdrivers, pliers	s) safe	ely and appropriately	
		ototype that looks like							
· ·	ow th	e building plan and do	1 11	ook like y					
Tchr. Score		4	3			2		1	
Construction		prototype is extremely precise and visually	The prototype look finished product and		The prototype holds			The prototype looks finished or like it was	
		appealing and built	according to the pro		together and resembles the production drawings. Some			own together and does	
		rding to the production	drawing. Corner		corners are square; straigh			not resemble the	
		drawing.	square; straight		cuts straight; some curves			roduction drawing.	
		ers are square; straight its perfectly straight;	straight; curves are and consister		symmetrical, smooth and			rners are not square;	
		rves are symmetrical,	No major machine		consistent. There are some machine			night cuts not straight; rves not smooth and	
		nooth and consistent	dents, cracks, globs			s, cracks, globs	symmetrical		
		machine marks, dents,	or tape, damaged, ja			ape, damaged,		ere are major machine	
		ks, globs of glue or tape,	rough surface	es.	jagged or r			arks, dents, cracks, globs of glue or tape, damaged,	
	uan	naged, jagged or rough surfaces.					jagged or rough surfac		
		our ruoco.				Jue		jugged of Tough surfaces.	
☐ Was the car		•	•		. 0				
_	pulsic	on system work effecti	•	ar at leas	t 3 meters?				
Tchr. Score		4	3		2			1	
FUNCTIONING		The prototype was peted on time, exceeds	The prototype			The prototype was ready		The prototype was not	
		of the project criteria	completed on time, meets all of the project criteria		and meets some criteria but does not hold up under		competed on-time and/or has fatal design flaws and		
		and holds up under	and holds up under		repeated use and stress.		does not meet criteria or		
	re	peated use and stress.	repeated use and stress.		-		hold up under repeated use		
		П						and stress	
		Ц						Ц	
Scoring Key									
16-15 pts		14 pts	13 pts		2 pts 11pts		10 pts		
A+ (98%)		A (95%)	A- (90)		1 <b>2 pts</b> + (88%)	B (85%)		B- (80%)	
9 pts		8 pts	7pts		6 pts	5 pts		4 pts.	
C+ (78%)		C (75%)	C- (70%)	D +	- (68%)	D (65%)		D- (63-60%)	