Applied Technology & Engineering...

We know how to make it wow!



Cardboard Chair Project



Name:			
	•		

Date: _____ Grade: ____ Section: ____



Cardboard Chair Project

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PROJECT SPECIFICATIONS						
Criteria	Constraints					
 You prototype must Be made entirely out of cardboard and glue. Have a seat and a back. The seat of the chair must be at least 16" from the floor (measured to the bottom of the seat). The top of the back must be at least 30" from the floor. Be portable (able to be carried through doors). Be comfortable to sit in 	 Your prototype must stay within these limits No "new" cardboard No metal or other fasteners are permitted. (Such as staples, nails, screws or tacks) 					
Approved Materials	Key Points					
Cardboard Glue NOTE: Keep track of and safeguard all materials. Points will be lost if replacement parts are needed.	 The strength of any material can be increased or decreased by changing its form. Weak materials can be strengthened through folding, creasing or other modifications. Load distribution is key in identifying areas of potential weakness. A chair that that is wider at its top than at its base is more difficult to keep from falling. 					
	Key Terms					
	 Beam: a supporting member that transfers weight from one location to another. Center of gravity: the single point in an abject that gravity pulls on. Compression: a force that presses or pushes towards an object's center. Ergonomics: the practice of designing objects that conform to the dimensions of the human body to maximize comfort. Load: weight that is carried by an object. Strut: a brace or support. Sway: to move back and forth. Truss: a triangular support. 					

Technique Tips

Making a Sturdy Chair

Keeping in mind that your chair will fail at its weakest link, you should make slots that will not allow any motion of the members (parts) as they sit in the joints. (Joints are where members are joined together.) You should try to cut all slots carefully so they a e straight, parallel and the exact width of the material that will fit into them. **Many chairs fail from unwanted swaying.**

Not everyone will sit on your chair where you planned. For example, they may sit on the front edge rather than towards the back of the seat. This would put a greater load on the front columns, requiring them to carry a load that would have been distributed among several columns or other load bearing members. Therefore it is useful to plan your chair for the person who may not follow your instructions about where to sit.



RESEARCH

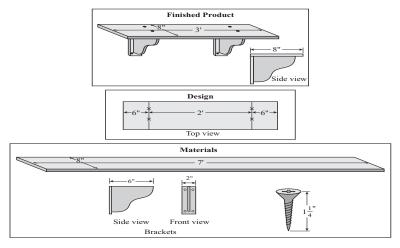
Use the posted web links for this project to find the info for the questions.
1. IN YOUR OWN WORDS What is corrugated cardboard?
2. IN YOUR OWN WORDS How is corrugated cardboard made?
3. IN YOUR OWN WORDS What is the primary raw material used to make cardboard?
4. IN YOUR OWN WORDS How many cubic yards of landfill space can be saved by recycling 1 ton of cardboard?
4. IN 100k OWN WOKDS How many cubic yards of fanding space can be saved by recycling 1 ton of cardboard?
4. IN YOUR OWN WORDS How many trees can be saved each year if each household used 1 roll of recycled paper
towels?



RESEARCH

I CAN use and follow the engineering design and build a cardboard chair that will comfortably support a middle school student.

A design for a wooden shelf is shown below. The materials available for construction include one $1" \times 8" \times 7$ ' board, four wooden shelf brackets with backer boards, and twenty-four $1 \, 1/4"$ wood screws. Examples of the materials are illustrated beneath the design of the shelf.



Sue wants to make two of these 3-foot-long shelves using these materials.

- a) Describe the steps Sue should take to complete this project. Include in your discussion the tools Sue needs to use in each step.
- **b)** Identify and describe ONE safety precaution Sue needs to follow in completing the project.



CHOOSE THE BEST SOLUTION

I CAN use and follow the engineering design and build a cardboard chair that will comfortably support a middle school student.

In the spaces below, draw **DIFFERENT** versions of possible prototypes that could hit the target and meet this project's criteria (follow the two examples). List the advantages and disadvantages of each one to help you decide which one to build first.

EXAMPLE #1 EXAMPLE #2 -It looks really cool and futuristic -It's very sturdy -Easy to move -Big arm rests -The curves are hard to cut -Attaching sections will be tricky -This will need a lot of heavy cardboard -The seat may fail Prototype #1 Prototype #2

Prototype #3	Prototype #4
Prototype #5	Prototype #6

CHOOSE THE BEST SOLUTION



After analyzing the advantages and disadvantages of possible solutions, I have chosen **Prototype #** _ as the best possible solution for the following reasons:

1._____

2.

3._____



CHOOSE THE BEST SOLUTION

I CAN use and follow the engineering design and build a cardboard chair that will comfortably support a middle school student.

>>These drawings CANNOT BE CHANGED once construction has begun! **FRONT VIEW BACK VIEW LEFT SIDE VIEW RIGHT SIDE VIEW TOP VIEW BOTTOM VIEW**



BUILD A PROTOTYPE

	good choice for some tasks and a not-so-good choice for other tasks.
Absorbency: soaks up water or liquids Ex. sponges, cloth , wood	Magnetic: attracted to certain metals Ex. iron, nickel, steel
Elasticity:returns to it original shape when it's stretched Ex. rubber	Strength: can be squeezed or twisted without breaking Ex. iron, steel, wood
Conductivity: allows electricity or heat to flow through it Ex. aluminum, brass, copper, steel, silver, gold, iron, concrete	Hardness: resists scratching and breaking Ex. iron, steel, wood, concrete
Elexibility: bends without breaking. Ex. rubber, cloth, plastic, clay, certain metals	Transparency: something you can see through <i>Ex. glass, plastic</i>
WOULD YOU MAKE	What's a good RTY is needed? MATERIAL to use?
1. A METAL window? transpare	ency
2. A STRING chair?	
3. A PLASTIC skateboard?	
4. A PAPER bucket?	
5. A MAGNETIC t-shirt?	
6. A GLASS house?	



BUILD A PROTOTYPE

I CAN use and follow the engineering design and build a cardboard chair that will comfortably support a middle school student.

All materials have properties that make them appropriate for certain jobs. Follow the example and check off the properties that make each item useful and effective. electrical conductor absorbent magnetic transparent flexible elastic hard strong 1. rubber glove 2. broom 3. flip-flops 4. skateboard 5. towel 6. toothbrush 7. dog collar 8. doorbell



BUILD A PROTOTYPE

I CAN use and follow the engineering design and build a cardboard chair that will comfortably support a middle school student.

Tools are handheld devices that help accomplish a task like cutting or shaping something. Complete the chart below by checking off the hand tools that would be most useful in each numbered situation. coping saw screwdriver pliers hammer drill tape measure hack saw wood saw 1. build a bookshelf 2. fix a toaster 3. install a door knob 4. hang a picture 5. put up a tent 6. install a ceiling fan 7. make a birdhouse 8. fix a bike chain



BUILD A PROTOTYPE

I CAN use and follow the engineering design and build a cardboard chair that will comfortably support a middle school student.

Keep track of your progress by completing an Engineering Log after every building class. Follow the example below as you go from raw materials to finished prototype.

On the lines below, describe what you did. Mention any difficulties you had or any design changes you made.	
LOG #5: Date: YES I described the drawing in a clear and understandable way YES I used key terms and information to accurately describe my progress and drawing. I have enough information. YES My description is neatly written and legible. Describe what you did today; tools that you used; materials that you used, parts you worked on, design changes and problems. LOG #1 Date:	YES My drawing is large enough to show all the details. YES My line quality is sharp and precise (no smudges) YES My labels are outside the drawing and accurate YES My drawing uses shading for highlights Make a labeled drawing (or paste a picture taken w/your phone) of your prototype or the parts you worked on.
YES I used complete sentences to describe my progress YES My description is neatly written and legible YES I described how I used specific tools and materials	YES My drawing is large enough and centered in the space YES My line quality is sharp and precise (no smudges) YES Labels and measurements are OUTSIDE the drawing

Describe what you did today; tools that you used; materials that you used, parts you worked on, design changes and problems.	Make a labeled drawing (or paste a picture taken w/your phone) of your prototype or the parts you worked on.
LOG #2 Date:	
7	
YES I used complete sentences to describe my progress YES My description is neatly written and legible YES I described how I used specific tools and materials	YES My drawing is large enough and centered in the space YES My line quality is sharp and precise (no smudges) YES Labels and measurements are OUTSIDE the drawing
Describe what you did to dow tools that you used, materials that	Make a labeled drawing (or pasts a picture taken w/vour phone) o
	Make a labeled drawing (or paste a picture taken w/your phone) or your prototype or the parts you worked on.
ou used, parts you worked on, design changes and problems.	
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ou used, parts you worked on, design changes and problems.	
you used, parts you worked on, design changes and problems.	
ou used, parts you worked on, design changes and problems.	
Describe what you did today; tools that you used; materials that you used, parts you worked on, design changes and problems. LOG #3 Date:	Make a labeled drawing (or paste a picture taken w/your phone) or your prototype or the parts you worked on. YES My drawing is large enough and centered in the space YES My line quality is sharp and precise (no smudges) YES Labels and measurements are OUTSIDE the drawing

Describe what you did today; tools that you used; materials that you used, parts you worked on, design changes and problems.	Make a labeled drawing (or paste a picture taken w/your phone) of your prototype or the parts you worked on.
LOG #4 Date:	
YES I used complete sentences to describe my progress YES My description is neatly written and legible	YES My drawing is large enough and centered in the space YES My line quality is sharp and precise (no smudges)
YES I described how I used specific tools and materials	YES Labels and measurements are OUTSIDE the drawing
Describe what you did today; tools that you used; materials that you used, parts you worked on, design changes and problems.	Make a labeled drawing (or paste a picture taken w/your phone) of your prototype or the parts you worked on.
LOG #5 Date:	
YES I used complete sentences to describe my progress	YES My drawing is large enough and centered in the space
YES My description is neatly written and legible YES I described how I used specific tools and materials	YES My line quality is sharp and precise (no smudges) YES Labels and measurements are OUTSIDE the drawing



TEST THE PROTOTYPE

I CAN use and follow the engineering design and build a cardboard chair that will comfortably support a middle school student.

Rank each item from 1 to 5

Comfort	Not good	2	3	4	Excellent 5
Comfort	1	2	3	4	Э
Sturdiness	1	2	3	4	5
Portability	1	2	3	4	5
Back support	1	2	3	4	5
Arm support	1	2	3	4	5
Cool design	1	2	3	4	5

Past a digital photo of your chair here



MAKE A DECISION

Based on the data I collected, my prototype's performance	was:
(Check one)	
Exceptional: it worked every time it was tested and need	led no repairs
Some reasons for this are:	
1	
2.	
3	
Very good : it worked most of the time it was tested and	didn't need any (or many) repairs
Some reasons for this are:	
1	
2	
3.	
Cond. it would care afthe time it was tracted a	dad ranaire
Good: it worked some of the time it was tested and need	ued repairs
Some reasons for this are:	
1	
2	
3	
Not good, it didn't really work	
Not good: it didn't really work	
Some reasons for this are:	
1	
2	
3	
Things I'd do differently next time	What these things might improve
] ,
1	1
2	2
3	3



ENGINEERING DESIGN PROCESS

STEP 8: Redesign	STEP 1: Identify the Need
()	
CTER 7: Communicate the Solution	STEP 2: Research
STEP 7: Communicate the Solution	STEP 2. Research
	*
STEP 6: Test and Evaluate the Prototype	STEP 3: Develop Possible Solutions
STEE O. lest and Evaluate the Prototype	STEP 3. Develop Possible Solutions
STEP 5: Build a Prototype	
STEP 5: Build a Prototype	STEP 4: Select the Best Possible Solution
STEP 5: Build a Prototype	



PROJECT SCORING SHEET

I CAN use and follow the engineering design and build a cardboard chair that will comfortably support a middle school student.

LOOK-FORS									
To show that I can follow the Engineering Design Process and hit the target									
a) I will conduct research to to help me plan and build my prototype and use complete sentences to report my findings (Pg.3)	0	1	2	3	4				
b) I will use complete sentences to answer all parts of a technology/engineering question. (Pg.4)	0	1	2	3	4				
c) I will draw different solutions to a design problem listing the likes and dis-likes for each one. I will then choose one drawing as the best solution and explain why. (Pg.5-6)	0	1	2	3	4				
d) I will draw what I'm building from different views with sharp, crisp lines and no erasure marks. I'll also include labels and measurements so anyone could understand it and follow it. (Pg.7)	0	1	2	3	4				
e) I will identify materials and tools needed for specific tasks when building prototypes. (Pg. 8-11)	0	1	2	3	4				
• I will record my progress and follow the checklist to describe how I used specific tools and materials to build my prototype.									
f) >>Engineering Log #1 (Pg.11)	0	1	2	3	4				
g) >>Engineering Log #2 (Pg.12)	0	1	2	3	4				
h) >>Engineering Log #3 (Pg.12)	0	1	2	3	4				
i) >>Engineering Log #4 (Pg.13)	0	1	2	3	4				
j) >>Engineering Log #5 (Pg.13)	0	1	2	3	4				
k) I will collect and display data about my prototype and use it to evaluate how well it worked. (Pg.15)				3	4				
I) I will summarize what I did during each step of the Engineering Design Process. (Pg.16)				3	4				
• I will build a prototype that MATCHES MY ORTHOGRAPHIC DRAWINGS , (d) meets the criteria, looks like a finished product without any loose parts, damaged or rough surfaces and globs of glue, and holds together without needing repairs between multiple uses.				3	4				
Peer Evaluation									
1. Contributed ideas/5/5/5/5									

1. Contributed ideas	/5	/5	/5	/5
2. Worked hard	/5	/5	/5	/5

3. Helped others _____/5 _____/5 _____/5

4. Cooperated _____/5 _____/5 _____/5

5. Helped clean up _____/5 _____/5 _____/5

Teamwork and the ability to work with others is a crucial 21st Century life skill. You will be evaluated multiple times during this project by your peers. Each member will anonymously score you in the five areas listed on the left from 1 to 5. The scores will be averaged and placed in the blanks after each evaluation.

1-Strongly disagree 2- Disagree 3- Neutral 4-Agree 5- Strongly agree